

# John Guckenheimer Philip Holmes Page 134, center manifold reduction for parametrized families of system Duffing's equation

```
> restart:with(LinearAlgebra):
> # dot(u)=f1; dot(v)=f2; and beta is the bifurcation parameter
> f1:= v; f2:= bet*u-u^2 - del*v;
          f1 := v
          f2 := bet u - del v - u^2
```

(1)

```
> # equilibrium
> soln_fp:= solve({f1,f2},{u,v});
           soln_fp := {u = 0, v = 0}, {u = bet, v = 0}
```

(2)

```
> bet0:= 0:
> u0:=0: v0:=0:
```

```
> J:= Matrix(2,2,[[diff(f1,u),diff(f1,v)],[diff(f2,u),diff(f2,v)]]);
;
```

$$J := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ bet - 2 u & -del \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

```
> J0:= simplify(subs(u=u0,v=v0,bet=bet0,J));
```

$$J0 := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -del \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

```
> ev:= Eigenvectors(J0);
```

$$ev := \begin{bmatrix} -del \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{del} & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

```
> lam1:= ev[1][1]; lam2:= ev[1][2];
      lam1 := -del
      lam2 := 0
```

(6)

```
> v1:= Vector(2,[1,0]);#v1:= ev[2][1..2,1];
```

$$v1 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

```
> v2:=Vector(2,[1,-del]);#v2:= ev[2][1..2,2];
```

$$v2 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -del \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

```
> T:= <v1|v2>;
```

$$T := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -del \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

```

> TI:= MatrixInverse(T);

$$TI := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{del} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{del} \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$


> TestT:= MatrixMatrixMultiply(TI,MatrixMatrixMultiply(J0,T));

$$TestT := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -del \end{bmatrix} \quad (11)$$


> # new variables Y=(x,y), Old variables X= (u,v)
> X:= Vector(2,[u,v]);

$$X := \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \end{bmatrix} \quad (12)$$


> Y:= Vector(2,[x,y]);

$$Y := \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad (13)$$


> X2:= MatrixVectorMultiply(T,Y);

$$X2 := \begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ -dely \end{bmatrix} \quad (14)$$


> # dot(x)=g1=dx/dt; dot(y)=g2=dy/dt; G= [g1,g2]
> G:= simplify(subs(u=X2[1],v=X2[2],MatrixVectorMultiply(TI,Vector(2,[f1,f2]))));

$$G := \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{(x+y)(x+y-bet)}{del} \\ \frac{y^2 + (-del^2 - bet + 2x)y + x(x-bet)}{del} \end{bmatrix} \quad (15)$$


> g1:= expand(G[1]);g2:=expand(G[2]);

$$g1 := \frac{betx}{del} + \frac{bety}{del} - \frac{x^2}{del} - \frac{2xy}{del} - \frac{y^2}{del}$$


$$g2 := -dely - \frac{bext}{del} - \frac{betyl}{del} + \frac{x^2}{del} + \frac{2xy}{del} + \frac{y^2}{del} \quad (16)$$


> g1L:= subs(x=0,y=0,g1)+subs(x=0,y=0,diff(g1,x))*x+subs(x=0,y=0,
diff(g1,y))*y;

$$g1L := \frac{bext}{del} + \frac{betyl}{del} \quad (17)$$


> g2L:= subs(x=0,y=0,g2)+subs(x=0,y=0,diff(g2,x))*x+subs(x=0,y=0,
diff(g2,y))*y;

```

$$g2L := -\frac{bet x}{del} + \left( -del - \frac{bet}{del} \right) y \quad (18)$$

```
> g1nL:= simplify(g1-g1L); g2nL:= simplify(g2-g2L);
g1nL := -  $\frac{(x+y)^2}{del}$ 
g2nL :=  $\frac{(x+y)^2}{del}$  \quad (19)
```

```
> # for (3.2.32) dot(beta)=0=dbet/dt
> g3:=0;
g3 := 0 \quad (20)
```

```
> ## seek a center manifold y=h(x,bet)= a*x^2+b*x*bet+c*bet^2 + h.
o.t.
> h:= a*x^2+b*x*bet+c*bet^2;
h := a x^2 + b x bet + c bet^2 \quad (21)
```

```
> dxh:= diff(h,x); # dy/dx
dxh := 2 a x + b bet \quad (22)
```

```
> dbeth:= diff(h,bet); # dy/dbet
dbeth := b x + 2 bet c \quad (23)
```

```
> N:= sort(expand(subs(y=h,dxh*g1+dbeth*g3-g2)),[x,bet]);
N := -  $\frac{2 a^3 x^5}{del} - \frac{5 a^2 b x^4 bet}{del} - \frac{4 a b^2 x^3 bet^2}{del} - \frac{4 a^2 c x^3 bet^2}{del} - \frac{6 a c b x^2 bet^3}{del}$  \quad (24)
      -  $\frac{b^3 x^2 bet^3}{del} - \frac{2 b^2 c x bet^4}{del} - \frac{2 c^2 a x bet^4}{del} - \frac{c^2 b bet^5}{del} - \frac{5 a^2 x^4}{del}$ 
      +  $\frac{2 a^2 x^3 bet}{del} - \frac{8 a b x^3 bet}{del} + \frac{3 a b x^2 bet^2}{del} - \frac{3 b^2 x^2 bet^2}{del} - \frac{6 a c x^2 bet^2}{del}$ 
      -  $\frac{4 b c x bet^3}{del} + \frac{2 c a x bet^3}{del} + \frac{b^2 x bet^3}{del} - \frac{c^2 bet^4}{del} + \frac{c b bet^4}{del} - \frac{4 a x^3}{del}$ 
      +  $\frac{3 a x^2 bet}{del} - \frac{3 b x^2 bet}{del} + \frac{2 b x bet^2}{del} - \frac{2 c x bet^2}{del} + \frac{c bet^3}{del} - \frac{x^2}{del} + a del x^2$ 
      +  $\frac{x bet}{del} + b del x bet + c del bet^2$ 
```

```
> N_x_2:= subs(x=0,bet=0,diff(N,x$2)/2);
N_x_2 := -  $\frac{1}{del} + a del$  \quad (25)
```

```
> N_x_bet:= subs(x=0,bet=0,diff(N,x,bet));
N_x_bet :=  $\frac{1}{del} + b del$  \quad (26)
```

```
> N_bet_2:= subs(x=0,bet=0,diff(N,bet$2)/2);
N_bet_2 := c del \quad (27)
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 > a := \text{solve}(N_x_2, a); b := \text{solve}(N_x_bet, b); c := \text{solve}(N_bet_2, c); \\
 a &:= \frac{1}{de\bar{l}^2} \\
 b &:= -\frac{1}{de\bar{l}^2} \\
 c &:= 0
 \end{aligned} \tag{28}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > gg1 := \text{collect}(\text{expand}(\text{subs}(y=h, g1)), x); \\
 gg1 &:= -\frac{x^4}{de\bar{l}^5} + \left( -\frac{2}{de\bar{l}^3} + \frac{2bet}{de\bar{l}^5} \right) x^3 + \left( \frac{3bet}{de\bar{l}^3} - \frac{1}{del} - \frac{bet^2}{de\bar{l}^5} \right) x^2 + \left( \frac{bet}{del} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{bet^2}{de\bar{l}^3} \right) x
 \end{aligned} \tag{29}$$