

Do all eight problems.

1. State and prove Schwarz's Lemma.
2. Find a conformal, one-to-one map f from $\mathbb{D} = \{z : |z| < 1\}$ onto

$$G = \{w : |\operatorname{Im} w| < \pi/2\} \setminus \{w : w \leq -1\}$$

such that $f(0) = 1$.

3. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + \sin^2 \theta} .$$

4. Prove the reflection principle: If $H = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : \operatorname{Im} z > 0\}$, and if f is a continuous function on \overline{H} , analytic on H and if f is real on the real axis, then f can be analytically extended from H to all of \mathbb{C} .
5. A function f is said to satisfy the *Lipschitz condition* on \mathbb{C} if there exists a positive constant M such that

$$|f(z_1) - f(z_2)| \leq M \cdot |z_1 - z_2| \quad \text{for all } z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{C} .$$

Find all entire functions that satisfy the Lipschitz condition on \mathbb{C} .

6. Suppose $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n(z-c)^n$ has the property that the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f^{(n)}(c)$ converges. Show that f is an entire function.
7. Classify [type (and order where applicable)] all of the isolated singularities of the following functions (including any isolated singularities at the point at ∞):

a) $f(z) = \frac{\sin^2 z}{z^4}$

b) $f(z) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) + \frac{1}{z^2(z-1)}$

c) $f(z) = \csc z - \frac{1}{z}$

8. Let w_1 and w_2 be distinct points in \mathbb{C} and let L be the perpendicular bisector of the line segment connecting them. Describe the image of L under the map

$$F(z) = \frac{z - w_1}{z - w_2} .$$