Preliminary Examination Complex Analysis May 1990

Work all problems.

1. Construct an analytic, one-to-one map of $\{z : |z| < 1\}$ onto $\{w : |Im w| < 3\pi/4\} \setminus (-\infty, 0]$.

2. Evaluate
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{x^2 + 3x + 2} dx$$
 and justify your solution.

- 3. Let f be an entire function. Suppose f is real on the real axis and pure imaginary on the imaginary axis. Prove that f is an odd function.
- 4. Show that the only periodic rational functions on the complex plane are the constant functions.
- 5. a) Define what it means for a family of analytic functions to be locally bounded on a region.
 - b) Prove that a family F of analytic functions on a region G in the plane is compact if and only if it is closed and locally bounded.

Suppose $f: G \to \mathbb{C}$ is analytic and the closed unit ball, $\overline{B(0,1)}$, is contained in the open set *G*. The Cauchy integral formula tells how to obtain the value of *f* at points in B(0,1) from the values of *f* on the boundary of $\overline{B(0,1)}$. Use the Cauchy integral formula to prove the following two facts.

6.
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!} z^n$$
 for all z in $B(0,1)$.

7. There exists an analytic function $F: B(0,1) \to \mathbb{C}$ such that F'(z) = f'(z) for all z in B(0,1).