MATH 5317 Introduction to Modern Algebra Spring 2023 Homework 5 - Due In Class Friday April 28th

- **1.** Let *R* be a ring. Prove that R[x] is a ring.
- 2. For a ring R, prove that a R[x] has zero divisors if and only if R has zero divisors.
- **3.** Determine all units in the following polynomial rings:
 - (a) $\mathbb{Z}[x]$;
 - (**b**) $\mathbb{Q}[x];$
 - (c) $\mathbb{Z}_7[x]$.
- 4. Find a zero divisor, if possible, in the following polynomial rings:
 - (a) $\mathbb{Z}[x];$
 - **(b)** $\mathbb{Z}_4[x];$
 - (c) $\mathbb{Z}_7[x]$.
- 5. Let $f(x) = x^6 + 3x^5 + 3x^4 + x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$ and $g(x) = x^3 + 4$ be polynomials in $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$.
 - (a) Find the greatest common divisor of f(x) and g(x) in $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$.
 - (b) Find polynomials u(x) and v(x) also in $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ such that gcd(f(x), g(x)) = u(x)f(x) + v(x)g(x).
- 6. Find the remainder on dividing $4x^4 + 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x$ by $x \frac{1}{2}$ in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$
- 7. Let *I* be the set $I = \{f(x) \in \mathbb{Q}[x] \mid f(i) = f(-i) = 0\}$ where $i = \sqrt{-1}$.
 - (a) Prove that *I* is an ideal of $\mathbb{Q}[x]$.
 - (b) Find a polynomial $g(x) \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ such that $I = \langle g(x) \rangle$.