

Home Work 4

Due 8^m Oct

① Solve the following 2nd order equation

$$@ \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 15 \frac{dy}{dt} + 50y = e^{-15t} + \sin t$$

$$b) \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 15 \frac{dy}{dt} + 50y = f(t)$$

where

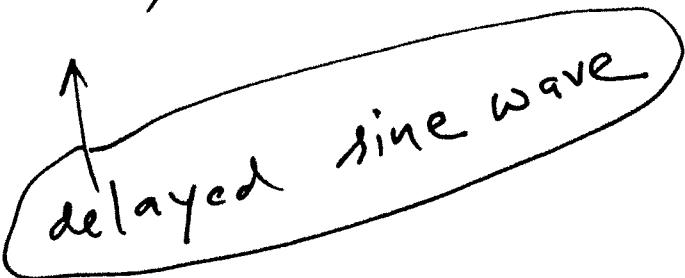
$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= 100 & 0 \leq t < T \\ &= 0 & t \geq T \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 15 \frac{dy}{dt} + 50y = f(t)$$

where

$$f(t) = 0, \quad 0 \leq t < T$$

$$= \sin(t - T), \quad t \geq T$$



② Solve

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + y = \sin t$$

$$y(0) = 1, \dot{y}(0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

for $y(t)$.

using a graphing calculator or
a super computer plot the graph of
 $y(t)$ vs t and see that $y(t)$ is
unbounded as t is large.

Remark: The phenomenon illustrated in
this problem is called "resonance".