## MATH 1352: CALCULUS II - Section 030

## MID SEMESTER EXAM III

1 hour 20 minutes

- All calculations have to be from ground up. Show all work for full credit.
- The use of calculators, textbooks, class notes or mutual consultation is not allowed.
- Answers on the question paper will not be accepted.
- Clearly write your name on the answer sheet.
- All questions are of equal weightage but may not be of equal difficulty.

1. Using L'Hôpital's rule and integration by parts, evaluate the following integral, if it exists:

$$
\int_{0}^{\infty} x e^{-3 x} d x
$$

2. Calculate the volume of the Gabriel's Horn given by:

$$
V=\pi \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{2}} d x
$$

3. Calculate the following integral or show that it diverges:

$$
\int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{x-2} d x
$$

4. Calculate $\frac{1}{4}+\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{4}+\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{7}+\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{10}+\ldots$, if it exists or show that it does not exist.
5. Verify if the following series converges or diverges:

$$
\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)}
$$

6. Using the integral test, verify if the following series converges or diverges:

$$
\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k(\ln k)^{2}}
$$

7. Verify if the following series converges or diverges:

$$
\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^{k}}{k^{2}}
$$

