- 1. Ch. 4 TPE: Problem 7.5.
- 2. Ch. 5 TPE: Problem 1.9.
- 3. Ch. 5 TPE: Problem 1.13.
- 4. Ch. 5 TPE: Problem 1.25.
- 5. Ch. 5 TPE: Problem 4.3.
- 6. Suppose that  $\{X_1, \ldots, X_s\}$  are independent with  $X_i \sim N(\theta_i, 1)$ , and let  $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, \ldots, X_s)'$  and  $\boldsymbol{\theta} = (\theta_1, \ldots, \theta_s)'$ . For known  $0 < \tau^2 < \infty$ , and under the usual squared error loss function

$$L(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{d}) = \sum_{i=1}^{s} (\theta_i - d_i)^2,$$

define the following estimators of  $\theta$ :

$$T_1(\boldsymbol{X}) = \boldsymbol{X}, \qquad T_2(\boldsymbol{X}) = rac{ au^2}{1+ au^2} \boldsymbol{X}.$$

Note that by Remark 4.4.5 of notes, we know that  $T_1$  is not admissible.

- (a) Show that  $T_2$  is admissible.
- (b) Show that  $T_1$  is minimax. [Hint: Theorem 4.2.8 of notes with  $\Lambda_n \sim \text{iid } N(0, n)$ .]