## MATH 3360

Answer the problems on separate paper. You do <u>not</u> need to rewrite the problem statements on your answer sheets. Do your own work. <u>Show</u> all relevant steps which lead to your solutions. Retain this question sheet for your records.

## Notation:

 $\mathbf{Z} = \{ n : n \text{ is an integer} \}$ 

1. Find the symmetry group for the following figure, which consists of an inscribed regular octagon with two diagonals.





- 2. Let *S* be the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and let ~ be the relation on *S* given by  $(a_1, b_1) \sim (a_2, b_2)$  if  $a_1 \cdot b_2 = a_2 \cdot b_1$ . Determine whether ~ is an equivalence relation on *S*.
- 3. Let a, b, c be integers with c > 1 and let n be a fixed integer, n > 1. Prove or disprove:
  - a)  $a \equiv b \pmod{n} \Rightarrow ac \equiv bc \pmod{n}$
  - b)  $ac \equiv bc \pmod{n} \Rightarrow a \equiv b \pmod{n}$
- 4. Prove: (a,b) = 1 and  $c \mid a \Rightarrow (c,b) = 1$ .
- 5. Find (84,324). Find [84,324].
- 6. Let *H* be the subgroup of  $S_6$  given by  $H = \langle (16)(235) \rangle$ . Find *H*. Find |*H*|. Find the index of *H* in  $S_6$ , i.e., find [ $S_6$ :*H*].
- 7. Find all of the subgroups of  $\mathbf{Z}_{30}$  and construct a subgroup lattice for  $\mathbf{Z}_{30}$ .
- 8. Assume that *G* is a finite group such that |G| < 32. Assume that *H* is a subgroup of *G* such that |H| > 2 and [G:H] > 9. Find |G|, |H| and [G:H].
- 9. Find the right cosets of <[6]> in  $\mathbb{Z}_{24}$ .
- 10. Determine whether the following are true or false:

a)  $\mathbf{Z}_3 \times \mathbf{Z}_4 \approx \mathbf{Z}_2 \times \mathbf{Z}_6$ b)  $\mathbf{Z}_6 \times \mathbf{Z}_5 \approx \mathbf{Z}_3 \times \mathbf{Z}_{10}$