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Name	Sco
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Answer Problem #1 on this page. Answer Problem #2 - Problem #8 on separate paper. You do <u>not</u> need to rewrite the problem statements on your answer sheets. Work carefully. Do your own work. **Show all relevant supporting steps!** Attach this sheet to the front of your answers.

Directions: If the technique you apply to solve a specific problem is to treat the problem as:

- a. a linear differential equation, then specifically identify the component pieces you construct as you solve the equation, i.e., specifically, the integrating factor
- b. an exact equation, then specifically verify that the equation is exact before proceeding
- 1. (12.5 pts) Classify each of the following differential equations by identifying their order and by identifying whether they are linear (L) or non-linear (N).
 - a. tx'' (t-1)x' + x = t Order: ____ L or N: ____
 - b. $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} (1-x)4y = 1-y^3$ Order: ____ L or N: ____
 - c. $3\dot{y} + y = t + 1$ Order: ____ L or N: ____
 - d. $x^2 \frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = y \sin x$ Order: ____ L or N: ____
 - e. $u\frac{du}{dr} ru = 1 r$ Order: L or N: ____
- 2. (12.5 pts) Find the general solution of the differential equation $(x^3-1)y^3dx+x^2dy=0$
- 3. (12.5 pts) Find the general solution of the differential equation $xy'-2y=x^2-x+1$ on $(0,\infty)$
- 4. (12.5 pts) Find the general solution of the differential equation $(x^2-2y^2)dx+xydy=0$
- 5. (12.5 pts) Find the general solution of the differential equation $(3y^2+10xy^2)dx+(6xy-2+10x^2y)dy=0$
- 6. (12.5 pts) Solve the initial-value problem $y \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + x^2y^2$, y(-2) = 0
- 7. (12.5 pts) Solve the initial-value problem $2xy^2 + 4x = 2(3 x^2y)y'$, y(-1) = 2
- 8. (12.5 pts) Find the general solution of the differential equation $y' + xy = xe^{-x^2}y^{-3}$