

Answer the problems on separate paper. You do not need to rewrite the problem statements on your answer sheets. Work carefully. Do your own work. **Show all relevant supporting steps!**

1. (12 pts) Each of the following augmented matrices is in row echelon form.
- For each case, indicate whether the corresponding system of linear equations is consistent or inconsistent
 - For each case in which the corresponding system of linear equations is consistent, indicate whether the system has a unique solution or infinitely many solutions.
 - For each case in which the corresponding system of linear equations is consistent and has a unique solution, find that unique solution.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{a.} \quad \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{b.} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{c.} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

2. (10 pts) Each of the following augmented matrices is in reduced row echelon form. For each case, find the solution set of the corresponding system of linear equations.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{a.} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{b.} \quad \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

3. (10 pts) Consider the following system of linear equations.
- Construct an augmented matrix to represent the system of linear equations.
 - Use Gaussian elimination to transform the augmented matrix to a matrix in row echelon form. State explicitly the specific elementary row operation which is being done at each step of the Gaussian elimination.
 - Do NOT solve the system of equations.

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_3 - 2x_4 = -1 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 = 0 \\ x_2 + x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$

4. (10 pts) Consider the matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A. For each of the following operations, indicate whether it is possible or not.

B. For each of the following operations which is possible, perform it.

a. $2A - 3B$ b. BD c. DB d. $A^T D$

5. (8 pts) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find 2×2 matrices B and C such that $B \neq C$ and neither is the zero matrix for which the matrix equation $AB = AC$ holds.

6. (8 pts) For each of the following pairs of matrices find an elementary matrix E such that $EA = B$.

a. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

b. $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

7. (10 pts) Using an augmented matrix, find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

8. (12 pts) Find the determinant of each of the following matrices

a. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

c. $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

9. (3 pts) For each of the matrices in problem 8 (re-given below), determine whether it is singular or non-singular.

a. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

c. $C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

10. (9 pts) Let A and B be 4×4 matrices such that $\det(A) = 4$ and $\det(B) = 3$. Find the value of

a. $\det(BA)$ b. $\det(2B)$ c. $\det(A^4)$

11. (8 pts) Find all values of c for which the following matrix is singular

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 7 & c \\ c & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$