

Section 4.4

I. Limits at Infinity $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = L$

- a. Informal Sense: The computed values of $y = f(x)$ can be made arbitrarily close to the value L by choosing x sufficiently large
- b. Graphical Sense: Given any (ε -) band about the horizontal line $y = L$ the graph of $y = f(x)$ can be made to lie inside that (ε -) band by choosing x sufficiently large
- c. Formal Sense: For each $\varepsilon > 0$ there exists a number N such that $|f(x) - L| < \varepsilon$ whenever $x > N$

II. Limit Rules

- a. Constant Rule
- b. Reciprocal Rule
- c. Constant Multiple Rule
- d. Sum Rule
- e. Difference Rule
- f. Product Rule
- g. Quotient Rule
- h. Algebraic Power Rule

III. Special Limits A.

a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$

b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^{-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$

c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{e^x} 0$

d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\ln x} = 0$

e. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^n e^{-x} = 0, n > 0$

f. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^n} = 0, n > 0$

IV. Special Limits B.

a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x = \infty$

b.

c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^x = \infty$

d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln x = \infty$

V. Evaluating Limits at Infinity

a. Rational Functions

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x+4}{5-2x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x+4}{5-2x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{28x}{x^2 - 15x - 12}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^5 - 3x^2 + 2x - 8}{10x^5 - 3x^4 + 5x - 96}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x^6 - 5x^3 + 4}{74x^4 + 80x^3 + 19x^2 + 108x + 256}$$

b. Others

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin 4x}{e^x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x \ln x}{e^x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{4x^2 - 1}{2x^2 + x + 4}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^\pi + x^3}{x^{22/7}}$$