

Fourier Integral of $f(x)=0, x<0$ and $f(x)=e^{-x}, x>0$

$A := \text{int}(\exp(-x) \cdot \cos(\text{alpha} \cdot x), x = 0 \dots \text{infinity}); B := \text{int}(\exp(-x) \cdot \sin(\text{alpha} \cdot x), x = 0 \dots \text{infinity});$

$$A := \frac{1}{\alpha^2 + 1}$$

$$B := \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + 1}$$

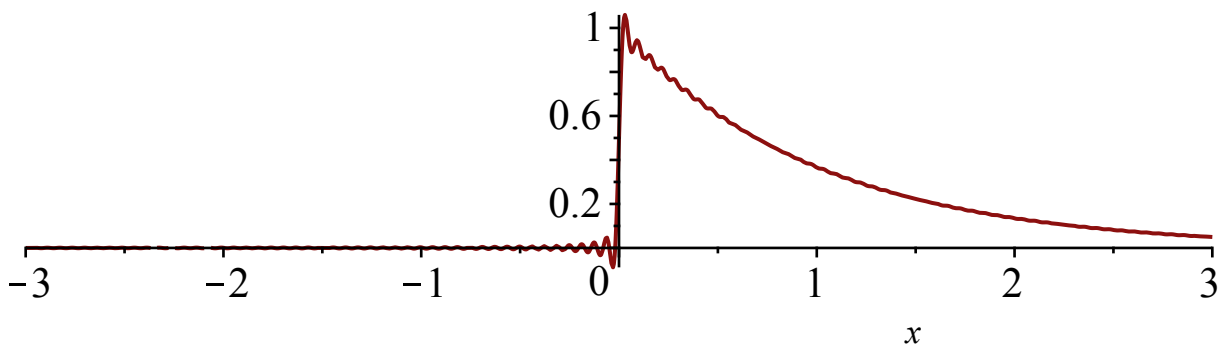
(1)

$f_{\text{approx}}(x) := \frac{1}{\text{Pi}} \cdot \text{int}\left(\frac{\cos(\text{alpha} \cdot x) + \text{alpha} \cdot \sin(\text{alpha} \cdot x)}{\alpha^2 + 1}, \text{alpha} = 0 \dots 100.\right);$

$$f_{\text{approx}} := x \rightarrow \frac{\int_0^{100.} \frac{\cos(\alpha x) + \alpha \sin(\alpha x)}{\alpha^2 + 1} d\alpha}{\pi}$$

(2)

$\text{plot}(f_{\text{approx}}(x), x = -3 \dots 3)$



$f_{\text{exact}}(x) := \frac{1}{\text{Pi}} \cdot \text{int}\left(\frac{\cos(\text{alpha} \cdot x) + \text{alpha} \cdot \sin(\text{alpha} \cdot x)}{\alpha^2 + 1}, \text{alpha} = 0 \dots \text{infinity}\right);$

$$f_{\text{exact}} := x \rightarrow \frac{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos(\alpha x) + \alpha \sin(\alpha x)}{\alpha^2 + 1} d\alpha}{\pi}$$

(3)

$\text{plot}(f_{\text{exact}}(x), x = -3 \dots 3)$

