

1. Give the interval of existence of the unique solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{(x^2 - 36)}{(x + 2)}y'''' + (x^2 - 1)y'' - x^2y' + \frac{x}{x + 4}y = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1},$$

with ICs $y(2) = 3$, $y'(2) = -2$, $y''(2) = 4$, $y'''(2) = 0$.

ANSWER: $(x^2 - 36) = 0$ at $x = \pm 6$, discontinuities at $x = -2, x = -4$
initial point $x_0 = 2, \Rightarrow -2 < x < 6$

2. Solve the initial value problem $y'' + y' - 2y = 0$ $y(0) = 4$, $y'(0) = 1$.

ANSWER: $y = 3e^x + e^{-2x}$

3. Find the general solution $y'' - 2y' + 10y = 0$.

ANSWER: $y = c_1e^x \cos(3x) + c_2e^x \sin(3x)$

4. Find the general solution of $y^{(4)} - 5y'' - 36y = 0$.

ANSWER: $y = c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x) + c_3e^{3x} + c_4e^{-3x}$

5. Find the general solution $y(x)$ of $y''' + y'' + y' + y = 0$.

ANSWER: $y = c_1e^{-x} + c_2 \cos(x) + c_3 \sin(x)$

6. Find a **candidate** of a particular solution $y_p(x)$ (DO NOT SOLVE FOR CONSTANTS)

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = 2xe^{-2x} + 8x \sin(2x).$$

ANSWER: $y = x^2(Ax + B)e^{-2x} + (Cx + D) \sin(2x) + (Ex + F) \cos(2x)$

7. Use *undetermined coefficients* to find a particular solution for

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = 10 \sin(x).$$
 Also find the general solution.

ANSWER: $y = c_1e^x + c_2e^{2x} + 3 \cos(x) + \sin(x)$

8. Use *variation of parameters* to find a particular solution $y'' - 2y' + y = 4e^x$. Also find the general solution.

ANSWER: $y = c_1e^x + c_2xe^x + 2x^2e^x$

9. Solve the initial value problem $x^2y'' + 3xy' + y = 0$ with $y(1) = 2$, $y'(1) = -1$.

ANSWER: general solution $y = c_1x^{-1} + c_2 \ln(x)x^{-1}$ and $y = 2x^{-1} + \ln(x)x^{-1}$