1. Perform the indicated operations. Write the resulting polynomial in standard form.

$$(2x^5 + 19x^4 - 8) - (5x^5 - 7x^4 - 14)$$

$$\bigcirc A. -3x^5 + 26x^4 + 6$$

$$\bigcirc$$
B. $-3x^5 + 26x^4 - 22$

$$\bigcirc D. -3x^5 + 24x^4 - 22$$

2. Find the product.

$$(x-12)(x^2+2x-8)$$

$$\bigcirc A. \quad x^3 + 14x^2 + 16x - 96$$

$$\bigcirc$$
B. $x^3 - 10x^2 - 16x - 96$

$$\bigcirc C$$
, $x^3 + 14x^2 + 32x + 96$

OD.
$$x^3 - 10x^2 - 32x + 96$$

3. Find the product.

$$(3x-8)^2$$

$$\bigcirc A. 3x^2 + 64$$

$$\bigcirc$$
B. $3x^2 - 48x + 64$

$$\bigcirc$$
 C. $9x^2 - 48x + 64$

$$\bigcirc D. 9x^2 + 64$$

4. Factor out the greatest common factor.

$$18x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2$$

$$\bigcirc A. \ 2x^2(9x^2-2x+5)$$

$$\bigcirc B. \ \ 2(9x^4-2x^3+5x^2)$$

$$\bigcirc$$
C. $x^2(18x^2-4x+10)$

OD.
$$2x(9x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x)$$

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Assignment: Test # 1-A

5. Factor the following expression by grouping.

$$x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x + 12$$

$$\bigcirc A (x-3)(x^2-4)$$

$$\bigcirc$$
B. $(x+4)(x^2+3)$

$$\bigcirc$$
C. $(x-4)(x-3)$

$$\bigcirc D. (x-4)(x^2-3)$$

6. Find all numbers that must be excluded from the domain of the rational expression.

$$\frac{x-5}{x^2-25}$$

$$\bigcirc A. x \neq 5, x \neq -5$$

$$\bigcirc B. \ x \neq \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\bigcirc$$
C. $x \neq 25$

7. Solve for the variable x in the equation shown below.

$$(7x+3)-5=8(x+2)$$

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8. Solve for the variable x in the equation shown below.

$$\frac{2x}{5} = \frac{x}{3} + 4$$

- ○A. {120}
- ○B. {60}
- ○C. {-120}
- $\bigcirc D. \{-60\}$
- 9. First, write the value(s) that make the denominator(s) zero. Then solve the equation.

$$\frac{21}{7x-7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{3}{x-1}$$

- $\bigcirc A. x \neq 1; \emptyset$
- $\bigcirc B. \ x \neq 1;\{1\}$
- \bigcirc C. $x \neq -1,7;\{1,7\}$
- $\bigcirc D. \ x \neq 7; \{1\}$
- 10. Find all values of x satisfying the given conditions.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+4}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+3}$, $h(x) = \frac{-1}{x^2 + 7x + 12}$, and $f(x) + g(x) = h(x)$

- ○A. {-4}
- ○B. {0}
- Oc. Ø
- ○D. {3}

Student: _ Date:	Instructor: MALGORZATA Assignment: Test # 1-A			
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11.	Use the five-step strategy for solving word problems to find the number or numbers described in the following exercise.			
	When 70% of a number is added to the number, the result is 17. What is the number?			
	()A. 170			
	()B. 7			
	Oc. 10			
	○D. 41			
12.	You inherit \$42,000 from a very wealthy grandparent, with the stipulation that for the first ye money must be invested in two stocks paying 4% and 10% annual interest, respectively. How should be invested at each rate if the total interest earned for the year is to be \$2,400?			
	()A. \$30,000 invested at 4%; \$12,000 invested at 10%			
	©B. \$20,000 invested at 4%; \$22,000 invested at 10%			
	C. \$12,000 invested at 4%; \$30,000 invested at 10%			
	OD. \$22,000 invested at 4%; \$20,000 invested at 10%			
13.	The length of a rectangular room is 3 feet longer than twice the width. If the room's perimeter is 162 feet, what are the room's dimensions?			
	\bigcirc A. Width = 31 ft; length = 65 ft			
	B. Width = 26 ft; length = 55 ft			
	C. Width = 39 ft; length = 42 ft			
	OD. Width = 52 ft; length = 110 ft			
14.	Perform the subtractions and write the expression shown below in standard form.			
	2-(-6+2i)-(-5+4i)			
	OA. 13-6i			
	○B. 13 + 6i			
	OC. 11+6i			
	○D. 11 – 6i			

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Assignment: Test # 1-A

15. Divide and express the result in standard form.

$$\frac{9}{9-i}$$

$$\bigcirc A. \ \frac{81}{80} + \frac{9}{80}i$$

OB.
$$\frac{81}{82} - \frac{9}{82}i$$

$$\bigcirc C. \frac{81}{82} + \frac{9}{82}i$$

OD.
$$\frac{81}{80} - \frac{9}{80}i$$

16. Perform the indicated operations and write the result in standard form.

$$(\sqrt{-9})(\sqrt{-36})$$

17. Solve the equation by the square root property.

$$(x-4)^2=36$$

$$\bigcirc A. \{-6,6\}$$

$$\bigcirc$$
C. $\{-10, -2\}$

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18.	Solve the equation us	sing the quadratic formula.		
	$x^2 + 6x - 16 = 0$			
	○A. {-8,2}			
	○B. {8,2}			
	○c. {-8,1}			
	○D. {-2,8}			
19.	Compute the discrim	inant. Then determine the number and	d type of solutions for the given equatio	
	-2 (-19-0			

$$x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$$

- (A. 0; one real solution
- ○B. -68; two complex imaginary solutions
- Oc. 4; two unequal real solutions

Solve the radical equation, and check all proposed solutions. 20.

$$\sqrt{14x-20}=x+2$$

- OA. Ø
- OB. {4, 6}
- Oc. {4}
- OD. {6}

Solve the equation by making an appropriate substitution. 21.

$$(x+6)^2-6(x+6)+8=0$$

- $\bigcirc A. \{-10, -8\}$
- OB. {8,10}
- \bigcirc C. $\{-4, -2\}$
- ○D. {2,4}

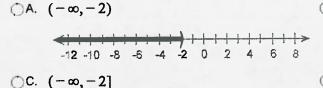
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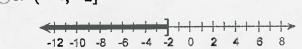
Assignment: Test # 1-A

22. Solve the linear inequality. Other than \emptyset , use interval notation to express the solution set and graph the solution set on a number line.

 $6x - 6 \ge 5x - 8$

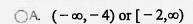


□ B. (-14,∞) -12 -10 -8 -6 -4 -2 0 2 4 6 8

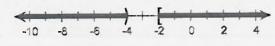


Solve the compound inequality. Other than \emptyset , use interval notation to express the solution set and graph the solution set on a number line.

 $-4 \le -4x - 12 < 4$



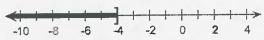
○B. (-4,-2]



-10 -8 -6 -4 -2 0 2 4

$$\bigcirc$$
 C. $(-\infty, -4]$

 $\bigcirc D. [-4, -2)$



-10 -8 -6 -4 -2 0 2 4

Solve the polynomial inequality and graph the solution set on a number line. Express the solution set in interval notation.

(x+5)(x-2)(x-5) < 0

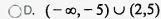


○B. $(-5,2) \cup (5,\infty)$





○c. (-∞,2)

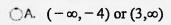






Solve the rational inequality and graph the solution set on a real number line. Express the solution set in interval notation.

 $\frac{x-3}{x+4} > 0$



-10 -8 -6 -4 -2 0 2 4 6 8 10

(3,∞)



 \bigcirc C. $(-\infty, -4)$



 \bigcirc D. (-4,3)

