## EXAM

Exam 3, Takehome Exam

Math 3350-D01, Spring 2013
November 15, 2013

- This is a Take-home exam.
- Write all of your answers on separate sheets of paper.

You can keep the exam questions. You must show enough work to justify your answers. Unless otherwise instructed, give exact answers, not approximations (e.g., $\sqrt{2}$, not 1.414 ).

- Unless otherwise instructed, you can use a calculator to do integrals and partial fractions decompositions. State clearly what you are going to put into the calculator and what you got out.
- You can use the textbook and your notes. You can discuss the problems with other people, but write up your own answers, don't just copy from someone else.
- This exam has 9 problems. There are 420 points total.

Problem 1. In each part, find the form of the partial fraction decomposition not determ doing it wrong.
A.

$$
\frac{s^{4}+6}{(s-1)(s-2)(s-3)^{3}}
$$

B.

$$
\frac{1}{s^{3}\left(s^{2}+4\right)^{2}}
$$

Problem 2. In each part, find the inverse Laplace transform.
A. In this part, find the partial factions decomposition by hand.

$$
\frac{7 s^{2}-11 s-5}{(s-1)^{2}(s+2)}
$$

B. In this part, use a calculator to find the partial fractions decomposition.

$$
\frac{4 s^{6}-14 s^{5}+20 s^{4}-21 s^{3}+44 s^{2}+3 s+8}{\left(s^{2}+1\right)^{2}(s-2)^{2}(s+1)}
$$

C. Hint: complete the square in the denominator.

$$
\frac{s+1}{s^{2}+6 s+34}
$$

Problem 3. Solve the following initial value problems by the method of Laplace Transforms.
A.

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-3 y^{\prime}+2 y=\sin (t), \quad y(0)=1, \quad y^{\prime}(0)=-1
$$

B.

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-3 y^{\prime}+2 y=t e^{2 t}, \quad y(0)=2, \quad y^{\prime}(0)=1
$$

40 pts.

40 pts.

60 pts.

40 pts.
Problem
6. Use Laplace Transforms to solve the differential equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+y=\mathscr{U}(t-1) t^{2}, \quad y(0)=0, \quad y^{\prime}(0)=1
$$

Problem 7. Find the following convolutions directly from the definition. Compute the integrals by hand.
A. $e^{-2 t} * e^{5 t}$.
B. $t * t^{3}$.

Problem 8. Use Laplace Transforms to find the convolution

$$
t^{2} * \cos (2 t)
$$

Use a calculator to do the partial fractions!

## 60 pts. <br> Problem 9.

A. Use Laplace Transforms to solve the differential equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+y=\delta(t-1), \quad y(0)=1, \quad y^{\prime}(0)=1
$$

B. Without any further computation, what is the solution of

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+y=0, \quad y(0)=1, \quad y^{\prime}(0)=1 ?
$$

C. Without further computation, what is the solution of

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+y=\delta(t-1), \quad y(0)=0, \quad y^{\prime}(0)=0 ?
$$

